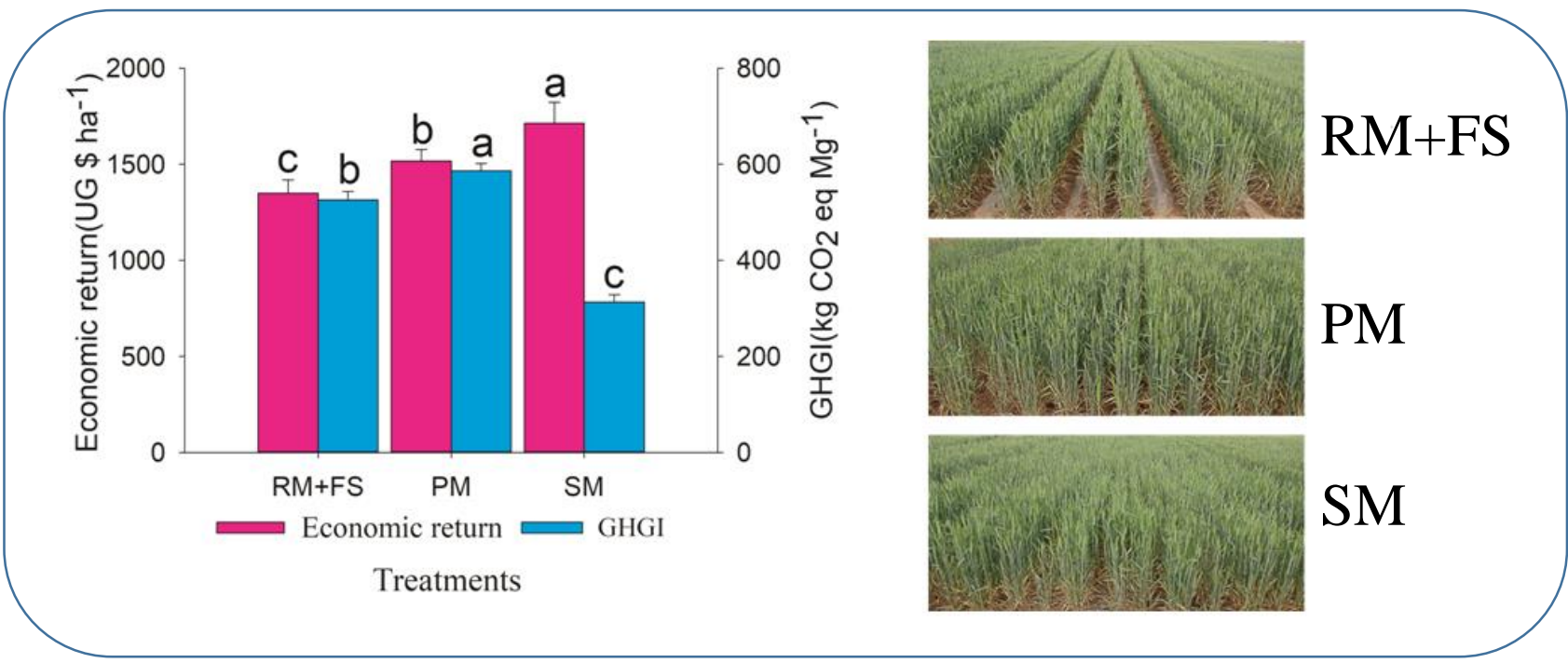


Graphical Abstract:



Key words:

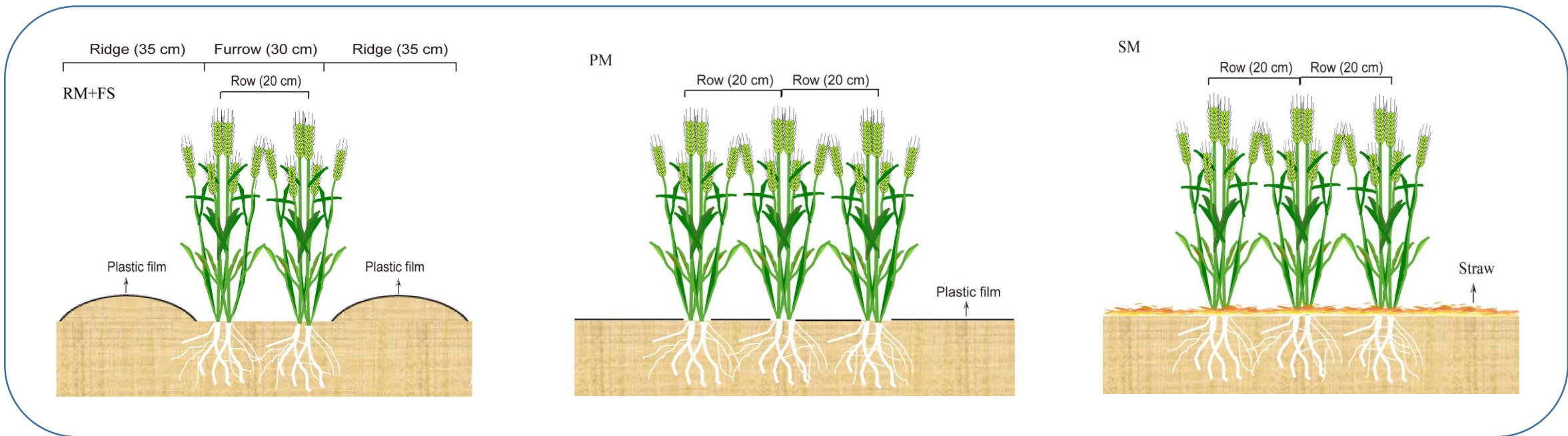
Dryland; Straw mulching; Whole field plastic mulching plus bunch-seeding; Ridge plastic mulching plus furrow seeding; Winter wheat

Highlights

- Straw mulching showed higher economic benefits than plastic mulching over five seasons.
- This finding was due to increased soil moisture storage and decreased GHG emissions.
- Straw mulching acts as sustainable dryland wheat production and well be superior to plastic mulching in dryland agriculture.

Materials and Methods:

A diagram illustrating the three tested treatments:



Calculation equation:

soil water content prior to seeding or post-harvest (%) × soil depth increment (cm) × soil bulk density (g cm⁻³)/10
Nitrate - N (mg N kg⁻¹) × soil depth increment (cm) × soil bulk density (g cm⁻³)/10
GHG emission= $\sum_{i=1}^n AI_i + Ef_i + E_{N_2O}$

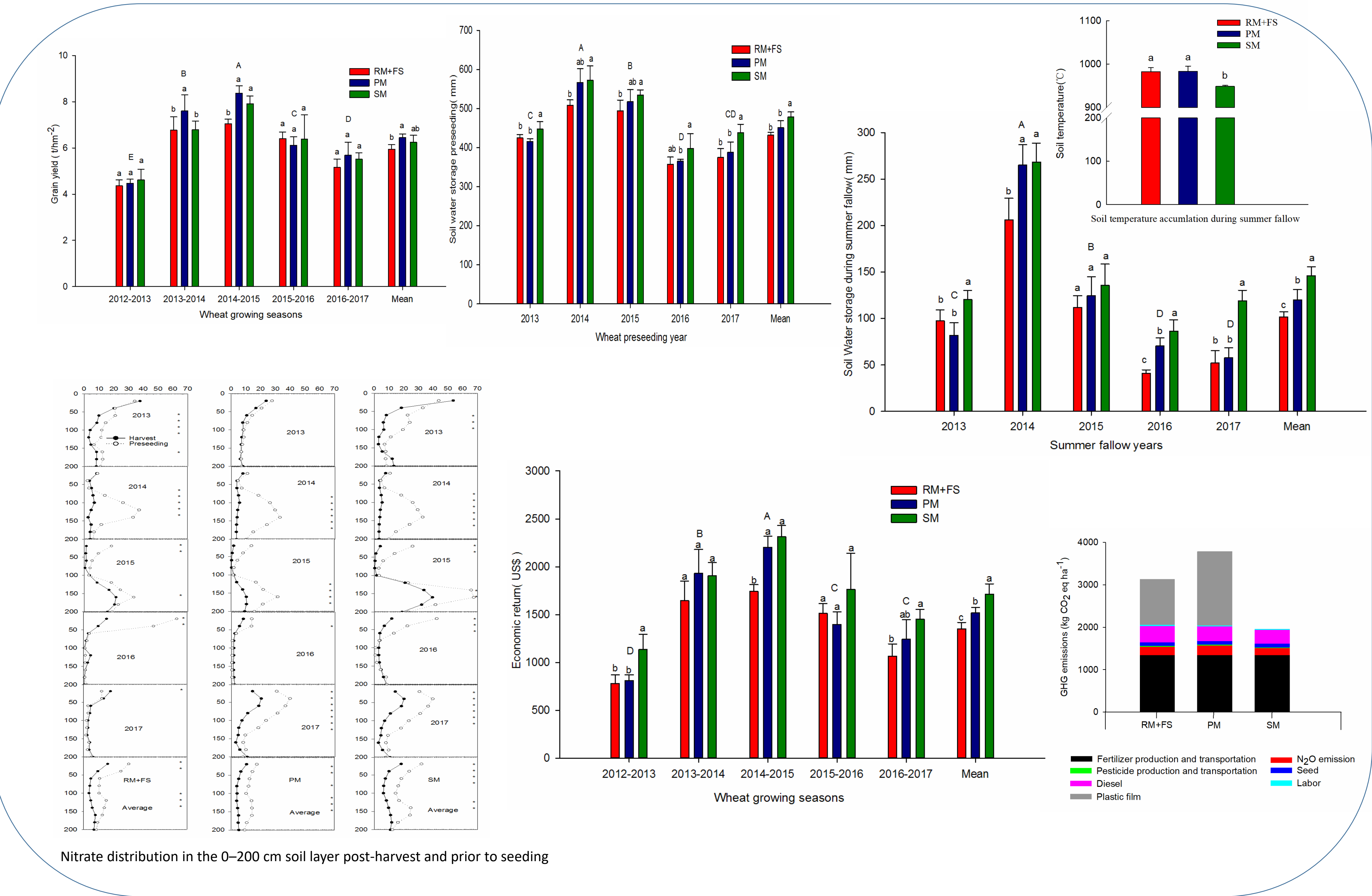
Introduction

- Dryland wheat as a monoculture was intensively planted on the Loess Plateau.
- Water stress is a key factor limiting dryland wheat production on the Loess Plateau.
- Plastics film mulching causes serious environmental pollution.

Acknowledgements

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Results:



Conclusion:

Winter wheat straw mulch at a rate of 10 t ha⁻¹ following a year-round mulching practice should be recommended to local farmers on the dryland areas and similar areas around the world.

Publication:

- Hubing Zhao, Jifei Liu, Xiuwen Chen, Zhaohui Wang, 2019. Straw mulch as an alternative to plastic film mulch: Positive evidence from dryland wheat production on the Loess Plateau. Science of the Total Environment, 676, 782–791.
- Xiuwen Chen, Hubing Zhao*, Jifei Liu, Anran Mao. Winter wheat nitrogen utilization under different mulching practices on the Loess Plateau. Agronomy Journal. 2020, 112(2), 1391-1405.